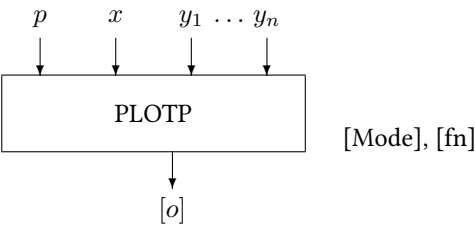


Block PLOTP

The PLOTP block generates a parametric graphical output of its connected input data via gnuplot.



Name	PLOTP
Function	fb0044
Inputs	3 ... [20]
Outputs	0 ... [1]
Parameters	0
Strings	0 ... [1]
Group	S

Inputs

- | | |
|-----|----------------------|
| 1 | Curve parameter p |
| 2 | Any signal x |
| 3 | Any signal y_1 |
| n | Any signal y_{n-2} |

Outputs

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | User defined block number (if available) |
|---|--|

Parameters

None

Strings

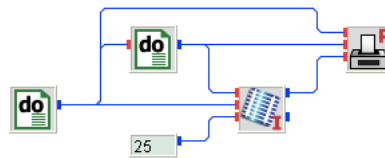
- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | File name fn of a gnuplot command file. If no file name is provided, a default file <code>insel.gnu</code> is generated with default gnuplot commands. |
|---|--|

Description The **PLOTP** block is nearly identical with the **PLOT** block. The only difference is that the **PLOTP** block has an additional input. The first input (the parameter input) is used to distinguish between several logical curves. As long as this input is constant, all data points are assumed to belong to the same curve. When the first input changes its value, a pen-up pen-down movement is simulated and a new curve drawn.

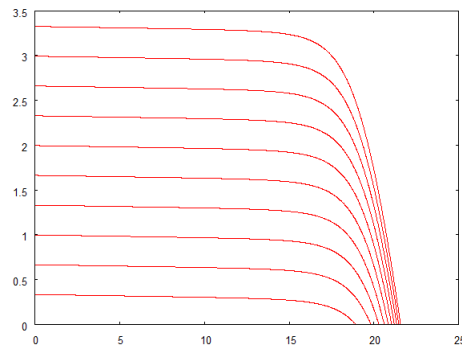
The second input becomes the x coordinate. All other inputs can take up y data.

Limitations Only one **PLOT** block or one **PLOTP** block can be used in an INSEL model file.

plotp.vseit This is an example how to plot a set of I - V curves of a photovoltaic module for different irradiance levels.



Two nested **DO** blocks vary the radiation of a PV module between 100 and 1000 Watt per square meter in steps of 100 Watt per square meter (outer **DO** loop) and voltage between 0 and 25 Volt in steps of 0.01 Volt (inner **DO** loop). A **CONST** block provides a module temperature of 25 degrees Celsius. A **PVI** block calculates the module current. Finally, the **PLOTP** block displays the I - V characteristics on screen.



See also Block **PLOT**.